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1	S QUETIAPINE/CN
2017	S 3068.74.6/RID
1191226	S 46.383.1/RID
518	S L2 AND L3
321	S NRS=2 AND L4
1540	S C19 H21 N3 O S/MF
5	S L5 AND L6
16934	S 1-PIPERAZINEETHANOL
1	S L7 AND L8
FILE 'CAPLU	S' ENTERED AT 11:21:05 ON 01 OCT 2008
9	S L9
1131	S L1
7	S L10 AND L11
9	S L12 OR L10
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L13 ANSWER 1 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:674294 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 149:32336

TITLE: Preparation of dibenzothiazepine derivatives as

antagonists of multiple neurotransmitter receptors

INVENTOR(S): Tung, Roger; Harbeson, Scott PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Concert Pharmaceuticals Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 35pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAI	ENT	KIN	D	DATE		APPLICATION NO.							DATE				
	WO	WO 2008066620				A2	_	20080605		WO 2007-US2				 338		20071019		
		W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BH,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,
			CH,	CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DO,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,
			GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,	GM,	GT,	HN,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,
			KM,	KN,	ΚP,	KR,	KΖ,	LA,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LY,	MA,	MD,	ME,
			MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MY,	MZ,	NA,	NG,	NI,	NO,	NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,
			PT,	RO,	RS,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SM,	SV,	SY,	ΤJ,	TM,	TN,
			TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW				
		RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
			IS,	IT,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MC,	MT,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,
			ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,
			GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,
			BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,	RU,	ТJ,	TM									
PRIO	RITY	APP	LN.	INFO	.:						US 2	006-	8532	09P		P 2	0061	020
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GI																		

AB This title compds. with general formula I [wherein Z1-Z4 = independently hydrogen or deuterium; Y1-Y4 = independently hydrogen, deuterium, or fluorine; and at least one of Z1-Z4 is deuterium] or pharmaceutically acceptable acid addition salts, solvates, hydrates, or polymorphs thereof were prepared as antagonists of multiple neurotransmitter receptors in brain, for the treatment of diseases and conditions beneficially from the inhibition of serotonergic 5HT1A and 5HT2 receptors, dopaminergic D1 and D2 receptors, histaminergic H1 receptors, or adrenergic α 1 and α 2 receptors. For example, compound II was prepared in a multi-step synthesis. I can be used for the treatment of a patient suffering from or susceptible to a disease of condition selected from schizophrenia, schizo-affective disorders, mania (manic disorder), bipolar I disorder, bipolar II disorder, depression associated with bipolar disorders, etc. 329216-67-3P ΙT

ΙI

Ι

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of dibenzothiazepine derivs. as antagonists of multiple neurotransmitter receptors)

RN 329216-67-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineethanol, 4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl- (CA INDEX NAME)

L13 ANSWER 2 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2008:79719 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 148:363066

TITLE: Identification, isolation, synthesis and

characterization of impurities of quetiapine fumarate

AUTHOR(S): Bharathi, Ch.; Prabahar, K. J.; Prasad, Ch. S.;

Srinivasa Rao, M.; Trinadhachary, G. N.; Handa, V. K.;

Dandala, Ramesh; Naidu, A.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Research Centre, Aurobindo Pharma Ltd., Hyderabad,

500072, India

SOURCE: Pharmazie (2008), 63(1), 14-19

CODEN: PHARAT; ISSN: 0031-7144

PUBLISHER: Govi-Verlag Pharmazeutischer Verlag GmbH

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

GΙ

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB In the process for the preparation of quetiapine fumarate (1), six unknown impurities (I-VI) and one known impurity (intermediate) were identified ranging from 0.05-0.15% by reverse-phase HPLC. These impurities were isolated from crude samples using reverse-phase preparative HPLC and characterized based on the spectral data. The known impurity was an intermediate, 11-piperazinyldibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine(piperazinylthiazepine). The structures were established unambiguously by independent synthesis and coinjection in HPLC to confirm the retention times. To the best of authors' knowledge, these impurities have not been reported before. Structural elucidation of all impurities by spectral data (1H NMR, 13C NMR, MS and IR), synthesis and formation of these impurities are discussed in detail.

IT 329216-67-3P

RL: OCU (Occurrence, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); OCCU (Occurrence); PREP (Preparation)

(identification, isolation, synthesis and characterization of impurities of quetiapine fumarate)

RN 329216-67-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineethanol, 4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl- (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L13 ANSWER 3 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2007:249111 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 147:541911

TITLE: Process for the preparation of quetiapine, a dopamine

antagonist

INVENTOR(S):
Deshpande, Pandurang Balwant

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Orichid Chemicals & Pharmaceuticals Ltd., India

SOURCE: Indian Pat. Appl., 26pp.

CODEN: INXXBQ

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
IN 2003CH00804	A	20051118	IN 2003-CH804	20031006
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			IN 2003-CH804	20031006

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 147:541911

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- * STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
- AB The present invention relates to a process for the preparation of biol. active thiazepine derivative I [R1 = (CH2)20(CH2)20H, (CH2)20H, (CH2)2Cl]. The present invention more particularly relates to an improved process for the preparation of quetiapine [I; R1 = (CH2)20(CH2)2OH], a dopamine antagonist. Thus, reaction of 2-fluoronitrobenzene with thiosalicylic acid followed by converting the resulting 2-(2-nitrophenylthio)benzoic acid into acid chloride, reacting the acid chloride with 1-[2-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]piperazine, reduction of II, and cyclization of III afforded quetiapine [I; R1 = (CH2)20(CH2)2OH].
- IT 111974-69-7P 329216-67-3P
 - RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 - (process for the preparation of quetiapine, a dopamine antagonist)
- RN 111974-69-7 CAPLUS
- CN Ethanol, 2-[2-(4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl-1-piperazinyl)ethoxy]-(CA INDEX NAME)

RN 329216-67-3 CAPLUS CN 1-Piperazineethanol, 4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl- (CA INDEX NAME)

L13 ANSWER 4 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:1114869 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:397560

TITLE: Condensation process for the preparation of

11-[4-(substituted)-1-piperazinyl]dibenzo[b,f]-1,4-

thiazepines from piperazines and 10H-

dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-one in the presence of

titanium tetraalkoxides

INVENTOR(S): Comelv, Alexander Chris; Verdaguer Espaulella,

Francesc Xavier; Rafecas, Jane Llorenc; Domingo Coto,

Antonio

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Union Quimico-Farmaceutica S.A., Spain

SOURCE: Span., 16pp.

CODEN: SPXXAD

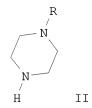
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Spanish

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

					KIND DATE					APPL	ICAT		DATE					
ES	2234	447	47							ES 2	005-	513			20050307			
ES	2234	447			В1		20060301 20060914											
WO	2006	0945	49		A1				WO 2005-EP14055						20051221			
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		CN,	CO,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ,	EC,	EE,	EG,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	
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AB 11-[4-(Substituted)-1-piperazinyl]dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepines [I; R = (CH2)2OH, (CH2)2O(CH2)2OH; e.g., quetiapine] are prepared by the condensation of piperazines [II; e.g., 1-(2-hydroxyethoxy)ethyl)piperazine] with 10H-dibenzo[b,f]-1,4-thiazepin-11-one in the presence of titanium tetraalkoxides Ti(OR1)4 [R1 = (un)branched C1-8 alkyl; e.g., titanium tetraisopropoxide] which may optionally be salified with acids.

II 11974-69-7P, Quetiapine

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(condensation process for the preparation of 11-(4-substituted-1-piperaziny1) dibenzo[b,f]-1,4-thiazepines from piperazines and 10H-dibenzo[b,f][1,4] thiazepin-11-one in the presence of titanium tetraalkoxides)

RN 111974-69-7 CAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-[2-(4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl-1-piperazinyl)ethoxy]-(CA INDEX NAME)

$${\tt HO-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2}$$

IT 329216-67-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (condensation process for the preparation of 11-(4-substituted-1-piperazinyl)dibenzo[b,f]-1,4-thiazepines from piperazines and 10H-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-one in the presence of titanium tetraalkoxides)

RN 329216-67-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineethanol, 4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl- (CA INDEX NAME)

L13 ANSWER 5 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:684487 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:327595

TITLE: In vitro studies on quetiapine metabolism using the

substrate depletion approach with focus on drug-drug

interactions

AUTHOR(S): Hasselstroem, Joergen; Linnet, Kristian

CORPORATE SOURCE: Centre for Basic Psychiatric Research, Aarhus

University Hospital, Den.

SOURCE: Drug Metabolism and Drug Interactions (2006), Volume

Date 2005, 21(3-4), 187-211 CODEN: DMDIEQ; ISSN: 0792-5077

PUBLISHER: Freund Publishing House Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: English

The metabolism of the atypical antipsychotic quetiapine was investigated by in vitro methods. Pharmacokinetic parameters were determined in human liver microsomes and recombinant cytochrome P 450 measuring substrate depletion and product formation. The cytochrome P 450 isoenzymes CYP3A4 and CYP2D6 displayed activity towards quetiapine. The isoenzyme CYP2D6 played a minor role in the metabolism of quetiapine as CYP3A4 contributed 89% to the overall metabolism A Km value of 18 $\mu \rm M$ was determined by substrate depletion, suggesting linear kinetics under therapeutic conditions. Drugs known to inhibit CYP3A4, such as ketoconazole and nefazodone, displayed almost complete inhibition at low concns., whereas inhibitors of CYP2D6 do not seem to have a clin. relevant effect.

IT 329216-67-3

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (in vitro studies on quetiapine metabolism using the substrate depletion approach with focus on drug-drug interactions)

RN 329216-67-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineethanol, 4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl- (CA INDEX NAME)

IT 111974-69-7, Quetiapine

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); BIOL (Biological study)

(in vitro studies on quetiapine metabolism using the substrate depletion approach with focus on drug-drug interactions)

RN 111974-69-7 CAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-[2-(4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl-1-piperazinyl)ethoxy]-(CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT: 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 6 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

2006:238901 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

144:292785 DOCUMENT NUMBER:

TITLE: Process for preparation of 11-[4-[2-(2-

> hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]-1-piperazinyl]dibenzo[b,f][1,4]th iazepine (Quetiapine) from 2-amino-2'-carboxydiphenyl

sulfide and 1-hydroxyethoxyethylpiperazine.

INVENTOR(S): Pathak, Shailendra; Sharma, Jitendra; Kaushik,

Geetesh; Thaper, Rajesh Kumar; Dubey, Sushil Kumar

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Jubilant Organosys Limited, India

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA	TENT :	NO.			KIN	D	DATE		APPLICATION NO.						DATE		
WO	2006027789			A1	_	20060316		WO 2004-IN281						908			
	W:	ΑE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	ΑT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BW,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,
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		GE,	GH,	GM,	HR,	HU,	ID,	IL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KΖ,	LC,
		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NI,
		NO,	ΝZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,
		ТJ,	TM,	TN,	TR,	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	US,	UZ,	VC,	VN,	YU,	ZA,	ZM,	ZW
	RW:	AT,	BE,	BG,	CH,	CY,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	EE,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	HU,	ΙE,
		IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PL,	PT,	RO,	SE,	SI,	SK,	TR,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,
		CM,	GΑ,	GN,	GQ,	GW,	ML,	MR,	NE,	SN,	TD,	TG,	BW,	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,
		MW,	MΖ,	NA,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	KΖ,	MD,
		RU,	ΤJ,	TM													
IN 2006DN04348					Α		2007	0713		IN 2	006-	DN43	48		2	0060	727
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OTHER SO	OURCE	(S):			CAS	REAC	T 14	4:292	2785								

A process for preparation of Quetiapine comprises reaction of AΒ 2-amino-2'-carboxydiphenyl sulfide with a phosphorus halide or oxyhalide to give an iminohalide which is treated with 1hydroxyethoxyethylpiperazine.

ΙT 329216-67-3P

> RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (preparation of Quetiapine from aminocarboxydiphenyl sulfide and 1-hydroxyethoxyethylpiperazine)

RN 329216-67-3 CAPLUS

1-Piperazineethanol, 4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl- (CA INDEX NAME) CN

ΙT 111974-69-7P, Quetiapine

RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)

(preparation of Quetiapine from aminocarboxydiphenyl sulfide and 1-hydroxyethoxyethylpiperazine)

RN

 $111974-69-7 \quad \text{CAPLUS}$ Ethanol, 2-[2-(4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl-1-piperazinyl)ethoxy]-CN (CA INDEX NAME)

REFERENCE COUNT:

1 THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L13 ANSWER 7 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

2006:72863 CAPLUS ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:55319

TITLE: Effects of cytochrome P450 3A modulators ketoconazole

and carbamazepine on quetiapine pharmacokinetics

AUTHOR(S): Grimm, Scott W.; Richtand, Neil M.; Winter, Helen R.;

Stams, Karen R.; Reele, Stots B.

CORPORATE SOURCE: AstraZeneca Pharmaceuticals LP, Wilmington, DE, USA SOURCE:

British Journal of Clinical Pharmacology (2006),

61(1), 58-69

CODEN: BCPHBM; ISSN: 0306-5251

PUBLISHER: Blackwell Publishing Ltd.

Journal DOCUMENT TYPE: English LANGUAGE:

Aims To explore the potential for drug interactions on quetiapine pharmacokinetics using in vitro and in vivo assessments. Methods The CYP enzymes responsible for quetiapine metabolite formation were assessed using recombinant expressed CYPs and CYP-selective inhibitors. P-glycoprotein (Pgp) transport was tested in MDCK cells expressing the human MDR1 gene. The effects of CYP3A4 inhibition were evaluated clin. in 12 healthy volunteers that received 25 mg quetiapine before and after 4 days of treatment with ketoconazole 200 mg daily. To assess CYP3A4 induction in vivo, 18 patients with psychiatric disorders were titrated to steady-state quetiapine levels (300 mg twice daily), then titrated to 600 mg daily carbamazepine for 2 wk. Results CYP3A4 was found to be responsible for formation of quetiapine sulfoxide and N- and O-desalkylquetiapine and not a Pgp substrate. In the clin. studies, ketoconazole increased mean quetiapine plasma Cmax by 3.35-fold, from 45 to 150 ng ml-1 (mean Cmax ratio 90% CI 2.51, 4.47) and decreased its clearance (Cl/F) by 84%, from 138 to 22 1 h-1 (mean ratio 90% CI 0.13, 0.20). Carbamazepine decreased quetiapine plasma Cmax by 80%, from 1042 to 205 ng $\operatorname{ml}-1$ (mean Cmax ratio 90% CI 0.14, 0.28) and increased its clearance 7.5-fold, from 65 to 483 l h-1 (mean ratio 90% CI 6.04, 9.28). Conclusions Cytochrome P 450 3A4 is a primary enzyme responsible for the metabolic clearance of quetiapine. Quetiapine pharmacokinetics were affected by concomitant administration of ketoconazole and carbamazepine, and therefore other drugs and ingested natural products that strongly modulate the activity or expression of CYP3A4 would be predicted to change exposure to quetiapine.

ΙT 329216-67-3

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (ketoconazole decreased formation of quetiapine metabolite O-desalkylquetiapine in healthy human)

329216-67-3 CAPLUS RN

1-Piperazineethanol, 4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl- (CA INDEX NAME) CN

но-сн2-сн2

IT 111974-69-7, Quetiapine

RL: PKT (Pharmacokinetics); BIOL (Biological study)
(ketoconazole increased Cmax, AUC, t1/2, decreased CL/F of quetiapine in healthy human, carbamazepine decreased Cmax, AUC, tmax, increased CL/F of quetiapine in patient with psychiatric disorder)

RN 111974-69-7 CAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-[2-(4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl-1-piperazinyl)ethoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

$${\tt HO-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2}$$

REFERENCE COUNT:

27 THERE ARE 27 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L13 ANSWER 8 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:141066 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:240472

TITLE: Procedure for preparing a pharmaceutically active

compound

INVENTOR(S): Puig Torres, Salvador; Herbera Espinal, Reyes;

Dalmases Barjoan, Pere

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Laboratorios Vita, S. A., Spain

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

	TENT				KIND DATE							ION I						
WO	NO 2005014590 NO 2005014590					A2 20050217												
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		LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	MZ,	NA,	NΙ,	
		NO,	NΖ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	
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OTHER SO						CASREACT 142:240472; MARPAT 142:240472												

CH2Ph, trityl; X = leaving group, e.g., halogen, mesylate, triflate, nonaflate, tresylate, tosylate, brosylate, nosylate], in the presence of a base, followed by a step of deprotection of ether III and, optionally,

^{*} STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The invention relates to a procedure for preparing quetiapine (I) by reaction between dibenzothiazepine II and a compound P-OCH2CH2X [P = alc. protective group resistant to alkaline conditions; especially ethers, e.g., tetrahydropyranyl,

obtaining a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. Said procedure permits the obtaining of quetiapine with a high degree of purity under soft temperature conditions, with short reaction times and avoiding the use of toxic solvents.

- IT 329216-67-3, 2-[4-(Dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl)piperazin-1yl]ethanol
 - RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (etherification of, with (chloroethoxy)tetrahydropyran and analogs;
 procedure for preparing quetiapine from a dibenzothiazepine
 piperazinoethanol derivative)
- RN 329216-67-3 CAPLUS
- CN 1-Piperazineethanol, 4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl- (CA INDEX NAME)

- IT 111974-69-7P, Quetiapine
 - RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 - (preparation and reaction of, with fumaric acid; procedure for preparing quetiapine from a dibenzothiazepine piperazinoethanol derivative)
- RN 111974-69-7 CAPLUS
- CN Ethanol, 2-[2-(4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl-1-piperazinyl)ethoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

L13 ANSWER 9 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

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TITLE: Behavioral Approach to Nondyskinetic Dopamine

Antagonists: Identification of Seroquel

AUTHOR(S): Warawa, Edward J.; Migler, Bernard M.; Ohnmacht, Cyrus

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CORPORATE SOURCE: Departments of Medicinal Chemistry Pharmacology and

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AB A great need exists for antipsychotic drugs which will not induce extrapyramidal symptoms (EPS) and tardive dyskinesias (TDs). These side effects are deemed to be a consequence of nonselective blockade of nigrostriatal and mesolimbic dopamine D2 receptors. Nondyskinetic clozapine (1) is a low-potency D2 dopamine receptor antagonist which appears to act selectively in the mesolimbic area. In this work dopamine antagonism was assessed in two mouse behavioral assays: antagonism of apomorphine-induced climbing and antagonism of apomorphine-induced disruption of swimming. The potential for the liability of dyskinesias was determined in haloperidol-sensitized Cebus monkeys. Initial examination

of a

few close congeners of 1 enhanced confidence in the Cebus model as a predictor of dyskinetic potential. Among dibenzodiazepines, 1 did not induce dyskinesias whereas its N-2-(2-hydroxyethoxy) ethyl analog was dyskinetic. The emergence of such distinctions presented an opportunity. Thus, aromatic and N-substituted analogs of 6-(piperazin-1-y1)-11H-dibenz[b,e]azepines and 11-(piperazin-1-y1) dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepines and -oxazepines were prepared and evaluated. 11-(4-[2-(2-Hydroxyethoxy)ethyl]piperazin-1-y1) dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepine was found to be an apomorphine antagonist comparable to clozapine. It was essentially nondyskinetic in the Cebus model. A number of N-substituted analogs were found to be good apomorphine antagonists but all were dyskinetic.

IT 111974-69-7P 329216-67-3P

RL: ADV (Adverse effect, including toxicity); BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of piperazinyl dibenzazepines as nondyskinetic dopamine antagonists)

RN 111974-69-7 CAPLUS

CN Ethanol, 2-[2-(4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl-1-piperazinyl)ethoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

 ${\tt HO-CH_2-CH_2-O-CH_2-CH_2}$

RN 329216-67-3 CAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineethanol, 4-dibenzo[b,f][1,4]thiazepin-11-yl- (CA INDEX NAME)

$${\tt HO-CH_2-CH_2}$$

REFERENCE COUNT:

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